Financial Statements of

PROBITY MINING 2025
SHORT DURATION FLOW-THROUGH
LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

Period ended June 30, 2026
(Unaudited)

Probity Mining 2025 Short Duration Flow-Through Limited Partnership

Statement of Financial Position

As at June 30, 2026 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2025 (Audited)

Assets		**Jun 30, 2026**		**Dec 31, 2025**
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	$	4,683,188	$	89,016
Tax refund receivable		5,270		5,270
Accrued interest receivable		8,528		-
Investments		4,096,371		12,324,572
		8,793,357		12,418,858
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		61,761		98,135
		61,761		98,135
Class net assets attributable to Partners	**$**	**8,731,596**	**$**	**12,320,723**
Net assets attributable to Partners:				
Class A – National	$	2,049,538	$	2,918,724
Class A – British Columbia		3,907,671		5,545,390
Class A – Quebec		662,348		905,833
Class F – National		1,149,917		1,618,434
Class F – British Columbia		70,992		99,838
Class F – Quebec		271,168		367,159
Class P		619,645		864,946
General Partner		317		399
	$	**8,731,596**	**$**	**12,320,723**
Partnership units outstanding (note 5):				
Class A – National		230,620		230,620
Class A – British Columbia		472,800		472,800
Class A – Quebec		78,150		78,150
Class F – National		123,300		123,300
Class F – British Columbia		8,300		8,300
Class F – Quebec		30,550		30,550
Class P		1		1
General Partner		1		1
Net assets per unit attributable to Partners (note 10):				
Class A – National Class	$	8.89	$	12.66
Class A – British Columbia		8.26		11.73
Class A – Quebec		8.48		11.59
Class F – National Class		9.33		13.13
Class F – British Columbia		8.55		12.03
Class F – Quebec		8.88		12.02
Class P		619,645.00		864,946.00
General Partner		317.00		399.00

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors of the General Partner:

/s/ "Peter Christiansen" Director
Peter Christiansen

/s/ "Brent Larkan" Director
Brent Larkan

Probity Mining 2025 Short Duration Flow-Through Limited Partnership

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the six months ended June 30, 2026 (Unaudited) and for the period from commencement of operations on March 28, 2025 to June 30, 2025 (Unaudited)

	Jun 30, 2026	Jun 30, 2025
Income:		
Unrealized (loss) gain on investments	$ (3,173,330)	$ 1,196,871
Realized gain on investments	2,581,161	-
Interest income	14,181	-
	(577,988)	1,196,871
Expenses (note 4):		
Administrative fees	94,417	44,108
Commissions and fees	67,015	-
Other fees	35,359	384
Audit fees	12,625	229
Custodian fees	11,411	3,594
Legal fees	9,688	71,845
Tax and compliance professional fees	5,117	44
Transfer agent fees	2,811	6,256
Issue costs (note 4(a))	2,158	618,403
Bank charges	1,493	386
Fund manager fees	-	17,850
Filing fees	(2,330)	11,663
	239,764	774,762
(Decrease) Increase in net assets attributable to partners from operations	**$ (817,752)**	**$ 422,109**

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Probity Mining 2025 Short Duration Flow-Through Limited Partnership

Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners

For the six months ended June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)

	Net assets attributable to partners, beginning of period	Distributions	Decrease in net assets attributable to partners, from operations	Allocation of income to the General Partner (note 3)	Allocation of income to Class P (note 3)	Net assets attributable to partners, end of period
Class A – National	$ 2,918,724	$ (691,860)	$ (253,348)	$ 25	$ 75,997	$ 2,049,538
Class A – British Columbia	5,545,390	(1,418,400)	(313,345)	31	93,995	3,907,671
Class A – Quebec	905,833	(191,468)	(74,319)	8	22,294	662,348
Class F – National	1,618,434	(369,900)	(140,895)	14	42,264	1,149,917
Class F – British Columbia	99,838	(24,900)	(5,638)	1	1,691	70,992
Class F – Quebec	367,159	(74,847)	(30,207)	3	9,060	271,168
Class P	864,946	-	-	-	(245,301)	619,645
General Partner	399	-	-	(82)	-	317
	$ 12,320,723	**$ (2,771,375)**	**$ (817,752)**	**$ 0**	**$ 0**	**8,731,596**

For the period from commencement of operations on March 28, 2025 to June 30, 2025 (Unaudited)

	Net assets attributable to partners, beginning of period	Proceeds from issuance	Increase in net assets attributable to partners, from operations	Allocation of income to the General Partner (note 3)	Allocation of income to Class P (note 3)	Net assets attributable to partners, end of period
Class A – National	$ -	$ 1,508,200	$ 52,315	$ (27)	$ (15,686)	1,544,802
Class A – British Columbia	-	803,000	112,118	(23)	(33,629)	881,466
Class A – Quebec	-	781,500	100,401	(21)	(30,114)	851,766
Class F – National	-	1,133,000	86,729	(21)	(26,012)	1,193,696
Class F – British Columbia	-	83,000	16,471	(3)	(4,940)	94,528
Class F – Quebec	-	305,500	54,075	(9)	(16,220)	343,346
Class P	-	10	-	-	126,601	126,611
General Partner	-	10	-	104	-	114
	$ -	**$ 4,614,220**	**$ 422,109**	**$ 0**	**$ 0**	**5,036,329**

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Probity Mining 2025 Short Duration Flow-Through Limited Partnership

Statements of Cash Flows

For the six months ended June 30, 2026 (Unaudited) and for the period from commencement of operations on March 28, 2025 to June 30, 2025 (Unaudited)

	Jun 30, 2026	Jun 30, 2025
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating Activities		
(Decrease) Increase in net assets attributable to partners from operations	$ (817,752)	$ 422,109
Items not involving cash:		
Interest income	(14,181)	-
Unrealized loss (gain) on investments	3,173,330	(1,196,870)
Realized gain on investments	(2,581,161)	-
Change in non-cash balances		
Subscription receivable	-	(355,000)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(36,374)	138,286
	(276,138)	(991,475)
Investing Activities		
Purchase of investments	(640,000)	(2,950,001)
Sale of investments	8,276,032	-
Interest received	5,653	-
	7,641,685	(2,950,001)
Financing Activities		
Proceeds from issuance of units	-	4,614,220
Distributions paid	(2,771,375)	-
	(2,771,375)	4,614,220
Increase in cash during the period	4,594,172	672,744
Cash, beginning of the period	89,016	-
Cash, end of the period	**$ 4,683,188**	**$ 672,744**

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Probity Mining 2025 Short Duration Flow-Through Limited Partnership

Schedule of Investment Portfolio

As at June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)

	Number of shares	Average cost $	Fair value $	Net assets %
Canadian equities mining:				
Antimony Resources Corp. (NC FT)	143,000	35,750	85,800	0.98
Apex Resources Inc. (BC FT)	1,371,000	95,970	61,695	0.71
Ashley Gold Corp. (NC FT)	953,000	47,650	52,415	0.60
Brixton Metals Corp. (BC FT)	88,461	114,999	55,730	0.64
Canadian Critical Minerals Inc. (BC FT)	8,307,858	290,775	207,695	2.38
Decade Resources Ltd. (BC FT)	744,187	22,326	44,651	0.51
Decade Resources Ltd. - Top-Up (BC FT)	55,813	1,953	3,349	0.04
Defense Metals Corp. (BC FT)	228,000	38,760	34,200	0.39
Dryden Gold Corp. (NC FT)	91,334	21,920	25,574	0.29
Dynasty Gold Corp. (NC FT)	488,682	80,633	65,972	0.76
E-Power Resources Inc. (QC FT)	1,180,000	59,000	47,200	0.54
First Atlas Resources Corp. (QC Non-FT)	1,164,723	81,531	52,413	0.60
Forge Resources Corp. (NC FT)	185,773	102,175	67,807	0.78
Formation Metals Inc. (QC FT)	146,607	51,312	43,982	0.50
Great Atlantic Resources Corp.(NC FT)	506,707	43,070	35,469	0.41
Metalero Mining Corp. (BC FT)	278,500	58,485	47,345	0.54
Muzhu Mining Ltd. (NC FT)	231,654	60,230	61,388	0.70
New Age Metals Inc. (NC FT)	881,500	88,150	72,724	0.83
NorthWest Copper Corp. (BC FT)	365,627	82,266	100,547	1.15
NorthWest Copper Corp. - Top-Up (BC FT)	284,373	63,984	78,203	0.90
Omega Pacific Resources Inc. (BC FT)	521,000	65,125	88,570	1.01
Opus One Gold Corp. (QC FT)	1,151,385	74,840	63,326	0.73
Prospect Ridge Resources Corp. (BC FT)	1,643,334	197,201	73,950	0.85
PTX Metals Inc. (NC FT)	500,000	67,500	52,500	0.60
Rokmaster Resources Corp. (BC FT)	1,400,000	56,000	63,000	0.72
Saga Metals Corp.(NC Non-FT)	935,000	467,500	467,500	5.35
Star Copper Corp. (BC FT)	70,000	39,900	71,400	0.82
Sun Summit Minerals Corp. (BC FT)	825,000	61,875	99,000	1.13
Tower Resources Ltd. (BC FT)	2,400,000	600,000	384,000	4.40
Total equities		**$ 3,070,880**	**$ 2,607,405**	**29.86**

	Number of warrants	Average cost $	Fair value $	Net assets %
Canadian warrants mining:				
Apex Resources Inc. (BC)				
(expiry 10 October, 2027; strike price $0.10)	1,785,714	-	18,649	0.21
Ashley Gold Corp. (NC)				
(expiry 28 August, 2027; strike price $0.12)	1,500,000	-	32,179	0.37
Canadian Critical Minerals Inc. (BC)				
(expiry 19 September, 2028; strike price $0.05)	8,571,429	-	130,823	1.50
Decade Resources Ltd. (BC)				
(expiry 13 June, 2027; strike price $0.05)	4,285,715	-	156,374	1.79
Decade Resources Ltd. - Top-Up (BC)				
(expiry 7 October, 2027; strike price $0.05)	3,333,334	-	134,097	1.54

Probity Mining 2025 Short Duration Flow-Through Limited Partnership

Schedule of Investment Portfolio (continued)

As at June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)

	Number of warrants	Average cost $	Fair value $	Net assets %
Canadian warrants mining (continued):				
Defense Metals Corp. (BC)				
(expiry 21 May, 2028; strike price $0.20)	1,029,412	-	69,656	0.80
Dynasty Gold Corp. (NC)				
(expiry 16 May, 2027; strike price $0.25)	909,091	-	16,936	0.19
E-Power Resources Inc. (QC)				
(expiry 20 June, 2030; strike price $0.10)	1,500,000	-	48,265	0.55
First Atlas Resources Corp. (QC)				
(expiry 9 May, 2028; strike price $0.07)	2,000,000	-	70,267	0.80
Forge Resources Corp. (NC)				
(expiry 16 September, 2028; strike price $0.70)	363,636	-	43,266	0.50
Formation Metals Inc. (QC)				
(expiry 13 June, 2027; strike price $0.60)	857,143	-	13,640	0.16
Great Atlantic Resources Corp. (NC)				
(expiry 10 June, 2027; strike price $0.12)	1,764,707	-	48,670	0.56
Metalero Mining Corp. (BC)				
(expiry 21 October, 2027; strike price $0.26)	952,381	-	55,525	0.64
New Age Metals Inc. (NC)				
(expiry 3 October, 2028; strike price $0.40)	480,769	-	85,121	0.97
North Atlantic Titanium Corp.(NC)				
(expiry 17 September, 2028; strike price $0.14)	1,750,000	-	110,940	1.26
Northwest Copper Corp. (BC)				
(expiry 29 July, 2027; strike price $0.34)	388,889	-	24,275	0.28
Northwest Copper Corp. (BC)				
(expiry 22 August, 2027; strike price $0.34)	500,000	-	32,188	0.37
Omega Pacific Resources Inc. (BC)				
(expiry 14 October, 2027; strike price $0.15)	1,600,000	-	153,263	1.76
Prospect Ridge Resources Corp. (BC)				
(expiry 27 October, 2027; strike price $0.18)	1,666,667	-	27,562	0.32
PTX Metals Inc. (NC)				
(expiry 19 September, 2028; strike price $0.16)	1,111,111	-	41,987	0.48
Rokmaster Resources Corp. (BC)				
(expiry 15 October, 2027; strike price $0.06)	2,500,000	-	71,709	0.82
Sun Summit Minerals Corp. (BC)				
(expiry 30 May, 2027; strike price $0.11)	2,000,000	-	103,574	1.19
Total warrants		**-**	**$ 1,488,966**	**17.06**
Total portfolio of investments			4,096,371	46.92
Cash			4,683,188	53.63
Other net assets			(47,963)	(0.55)
Net assets attributable to Partners (100%)			**$ 8,731,596**	**100.00**

1. Formation and purpose of the Partnership:

Probity Mining 2025 Short Duration Flow-Through Limited Partnership (the "Partnership") was formed on November 21, 2024 as a limited partnership under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada and commenced operations on March 28, 2025. The address of the Partnership's registered office is Suite 530, 355 Burrard Street, Vancouver, British Columbia V6C 2G8. The general partner of the Partnership is Probity 2025 Management Corp. (the "General Partner") whose ultimate parent is Probity Capital Corporation. The Partnership consists of seven classes of limited partnership units, National Class ("NC") A and F; British Columbia ("BC") Class A and F; Quebec Class ("QC") A and F; and Class P (collectively, the "Units"). The Units are identical to each other, except for the fees applicable to each class. The principal purpose of the Partnership is to provide Limited Partners with a tax-assisted investment in a portfolio of flow-through shares of resource issuers engaged in mining sector for capital appreciation and profits. Management's intention is that an investment in the Partnership will provide all classes of A and F Limited Partners exposure to a portfolio (the "Portfolio") comprising primarily shares of resource issuers that qualify as "flow-through shares" for the purposes of the Income Tax Act (Canada) (the "ITA") pursuant to which the resource issuer agrees to incur and renounce to the Partnership "Canadian exploration expense" (as defined in the ITA) ("CEE").

The General Partner delegates certain investment advisory responsibilities to Qwest Investment Fund Management Ltd. (the "Manager").

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the General Partner on August 10, 2026.

2. Material accounting policy information:

The following is a summary of material accounting policy information used by the Partnership:

(a) Basis of preparation and statement of compliance:

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

(b) Basis of measurement:

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for investments which are measured at fair value.

(c) Functional currency and presentation currency:

The statement of financial position is presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Partnership's functional and presentation currency.

2. Material accounting policy information (continued):

(d) Financial instruments:

(i) Recognition and measurement:

Financial instruments are required to be classified into one of the following categories: amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVOCI”) or fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”). All financial instruments are measured at fair value on initial recognition. Measurement in subsequent periods depends on the classification of the financial instrument. Transaction costs are included in the initial carrying amount of financial instruments except for financial instruments classified as FVTPL in which case transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized initially on the trade date, which is the date on which the Partnership becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Partnership derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position only when the Partnership has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition the Partnership may irrevocably elect to measure financial assets that otherwise meet the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency.

2. Material accounting policy information (continued):

(d) Financial instruments (continued):

(ii) Fair value through profit and loss:

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, unless the Partnership changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which cases all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in business model.

The Partnership has not classified any of its financial assets as FVOCI.

A financial liability is generally measured at amortized cost, with exceptions that may allow for classification as FVTPL. These exceptions include financial liabilities that are mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss, such as derivatives liabilities. The Partnership may also, at initial recognition, irrevocably designate a financial liability as measured at FVTPL when doing so results in more relevant information.

The Partnership classifies investments as FVTPL. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and marketable securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Partnership uses the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. The Partnership's policy is to recognize transfers into and out of the fair value hierarchy levels as of the beginning of the period of the transfer.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market, including non-publicly traded derivative instruments, is determined using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques also include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and others commonly used by market participants and which make the maximum use of observable inputs. Should the value of the financial asset or liability, in the opinion of the Manager, be inaccurate, unreliable or not readily available, the fair value is estimated on the basis of the most recently reported information of a similar financial asset or liability.

2. Material accounting policy information (continued):

(d) Financial instruments (continued):

(iii) Amortized cost:

Financial assets and liabilities classified as amortized cost are recognized initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent measurement is at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

The Partnership classifies cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities as amortized cost.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset or liability and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

The Partnership recognizes financial instruments at fair value upon initial recognition, plus transaction costs in the case of financial instruments measured at amortized cost. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date.

(e) Income recognition:

Realized gains and losses on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and unrealized gains and losses in the value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are reflected in the statement of comprehensive income and calculated on an average cost basis. Upon disposal of an investment, previously recognized unrealized gains and losses are reversed, so as to recognize the full realized gain or loss in the period of disposition. Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis. All costs directly attributable to operating activities are expenses as incurred.

(f) Allocation of income and expenses and realized and unrealized capital gains and losses:

Income and expenses incurred in connection with the Partnership's operations and realized and unrealized gains or losses that are not directly attributable to a particular class of units are allocated between Class A - National Class, Class A - British Columbia, Class A – Quebec, Class F - National Class, Class F - British Columbia, Class F – Quebec units in accordance with the Partnership Agreement dated November 21, 2024 and as outlined in Note 3.

(g) Income taxes:

Since the Partnership is an unincorporated business, the liability for income taxes is that of the partners and not the Partnership. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes for the Partnership has been made in these financial statements. These financial statements do not include the Limited Partners' information.

For income tax purposes, the adjusted cost base of flow-through shares is reduced by the amount of Eligible Expenditures renounced to the Partnership. Upon disposition of such shares, a capital gain will result and be allocated to the Limited Partners based upon their proportionate share of the Partnership.

2. Material accounting policy information (continued):

(h) Net assets attributable to partners:

The Partnership Agreement between the General Partner and each of the Limited Partners dated November 21, 2024 imposes a contractual obligation for the Partnership to deliver a pro rata share of its net assets to the partners on termination of the Partnership. Based on the terms of the Partnership Agreement, the General Partner and Limited Partners are both considered to have an interest in the residual net assets of the Partnership; however, they are not considered to have identical contractual obligations. Consequently, the net assets attributable to Limited Partners and General Partner are classified as liabilities in the financial statements.

The Partnership's obligation for net assets attributable to partners is presented at the redemption amount, which is the residual amount of assets of the Partnership after deducting all of its liabilities.

(i) Increase in net assets attributable to partners from operations per Partnership unit:

Increase in net assets attributable to limited partners from operations per Partnership unit is determined by dividing the net increase in net assets attributable to limited partners from operations by the weighted average number of limited partnership units outstanding during the reporting period.

(j) Accounting estimates and judgments:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those reported and the differences could be material. The following paragraphs discuss the most significant accounting estimates and judgments that the Partnership has made in preparing its financial statements:

(i) Fair value measurement of securities not quoted in an active market:

The fair value of warrants is determined using a valuation model such as the Black-Scholes model. Key estimates underlying this model include implied volatility and time value factors. The fair value determined may not equal the eventual settlement amount.

(ii) Classification and measurement of investments and application of the fair value option:

In classifying and measuring financial instruments held by the Partnership, the Investment Manager is required to make significant judgments about whether or not the business of the Partnership is to manage its portfolio of investments and evaluate performance on a fair value basis and that the portfolio of investments is neither held to collect contractual cash flows nor held both to collect contractual cash flows and to sell financial assets. The most significant judgments made include assessing and determining the appropriate business model that enables the decision that the Partnership's investments are classified as FVTPL.

3. Allocation of Ordinary Income or Losses:

Ordinary Income or Losses means the income or loss of the Partnership under IFRS Accounting Standards.

Under the limited partnership agreement (the “Partnership Agreement”) between the General Partner and each of the Limited Partners (together, the “Partners”), dated November 21, 2024 for each Portfolio, ordinary income is allocated among the Partners on the following basis:

(i) firstly, pro rata to the Partners holding units of that Class the amount (if any) by which:

- (a) the aggregate Ordinary Losses in respect of the Class Portfolio allocated to the particular Partners in prior Fiscal Years; exceeds
- (b) the aggregate Ordinary Income in respect of the Class Portfolio allocated to the particular Partners in prior Fiscal Years;

(ii) secondly, to the General Partner 0.01% of the remaining unallocated Ordinary Income in respect of the Class Portfolio;

(iii) thirdly, pro rata to the particular Partners the lesser of:

- (a) the remaining unallocated Ordinary Income in respect of the Class Portfolio; and
- (b) the amount (if any) by which:
  - (A) the aggregate Subscription Price paid for the Class to which the Class Portfolio relates; exceeds
  - (B) the total of:
    - the Ordinary Income in respect of the Class Portfolio allocated to the particular Partners in the Fiscal Year; and
    - the aggregate Ordinary Income in respect of the Class Portfolio allocated to the particular Partners in prior Fiscal Years;

(iv) fourthly, the balance of the unallocated Ordinary Income in respect of the Class Portfolio shall be allocated as follows:

- (a) 30% to the holders of the Class P Units pro rata; and
- (b) 70% to the particular Partners pro rata.

The basis for an allocation to the General Partner and holders of the Class P Units have been met and accordingly, $(82) was allocated to the General Partner and $(245,301) was allocated to Class P for the six months ended June 30, 2026.

The Ordinary Income allocated to the General Partner and the holders of the Class P Units for the period includes amounts attributable to unrealized gains recognized in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards. To the extent that such unrealized gains are subsequently reversed or realized at amounts different from those recognized, the related allocations of Ordinary Income may be reversed or adjusted in future periods in accordance with the allocation provisions of the Partnership Agreement.

4. Expenses of the Partnership:

(a) Issue costs:

Issue costs are expenses of the offering of the Units of the Partnership which include the costs of creating and organizing the Partnership. Issue costs include certain costs as outlined in the offering memorandum such as agents' fee, legal, audit, regulatory filing and printing. Issue costs are presented separately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Issue costs for six months ended June 30, 2026 were $ 2,158 and for the period from March 28, 2025 to June 30, 2025 were $618,403.

(b) Operating expenses:

The Partnership pays all of the expenses of the operations and carrying on of its business, including legal and audit fees, interest, administrative costs relating to the cost of financial and other reports, and compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and policies. The General Partner is reimbursed for all reasonable out-of-pocket costs and expenses that are incurred by the General Partner on behalf of the Partnership in the ordinary course of business or other costs and expenses incidental to acting as general partner so long as the General Partner is not in default of its obligations.

5. Partners' interest:

The interest of the Limited Partners in the Partnership is divided into an unlimited number of Units. The Partnership is authorized to issue a maximum of 5,000,000 Units.

All the limited partnership Units have equal rights and privileges, including equal participation in any distribution made by each respective class and the right to one vote at any meeting of the Limited Partners.

Issued and outstanding:

The Partnership issued 943,722 Partnership Units (230,620 units of Class A - National Class, 472,800 units of Class A - British Columbia, 78,150 units of Class A – Quebec, 123,300 units of Class F - National Class, 8,300 units of Class F - British Columbia, 30,550 units of Class F – Quebec, 1 unit of Class P and 1 unit of General Partner) at a subscription price of $10 per Unit for a total of $ 9,437,220. All Units issued were outstanding as at June 30, 2026.

Pursuant to the Partnership Agreement, the General Partner contributed $10 to the capital of the Partnership.

6. Fair value measurement:

The following table illustrates the classification of the Partnership's investments within the fair value hierarchy as at June 30, 2026. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 - Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

6. Fair value measurement (continued):

There were no financial instruments that were transferred between levels of the fair value hierarchy during the period ended June 30, 2026.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Equities	$2,607,405	-	-	$ 2,607,405
Warrants	-	1,488,966	-	1,488,966
	$2,607,405	$ 1,488,966	-	$ 4,096,371

All fair value measurements above are recurring. The carrying values of other financial instruments approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

The Manager is responsible for performing the fair value measurements included in the financial statements of the Partnership, including Level 3 measurements. The Manager has engaged SGGG Fund Services Inc. (“SGGG”) to value the net assets of the Partnership on a weekly basis including pricing of Level 1 and Level 2 investments. SGGG obtains pricing from a third-party pricing vendor. The Partnership's overall market positions are monitored on a weekly basis by the Manager. The Manager ensures the accuracy of the NAV calculation, prepared by SGGG, by reviewing the NAV on a weekly basis.

The Partnership’s equity positions are classified as Level 1 when the security is actively traded and reliable prices are observable. Certain equities do not trade frequently or have resale restrictions and therefore observable prices may not be available. In such cases, fair value is determined using an observable market date (e.g., transactions for similar securities of the same issuer) and the fair value is classified as Level 2, unless the determination of fair value requires significant unobservable data, in which case the measurement is classified as Level 3.

As at June 30, 2026, the level 2 warrants of $1,488,966 have been valued using the Black-Scholes valuation method.

7. Financial instruments risk management:

The Partnership’s activities expose it to a variety of financial instrument risks including market risk (price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk, concentration risk and liquidity risk.

The Partnership’s overall risk management strategy focuses on the unpredictability of performance of early-stage public resource investments and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Partnership’s financial performance.

7. Financial instruments risk management (continued):

(a) Market risk:

Price risk:

The Partnership's investments are exposed to market price risk due to changing market conditions for equities as well as specific industry changes in the mining sector, such as changes in commodity prices and the level of market demand as well as any changes to the tax environment in which the investee entities operate. All investments in equity securities have an inherent risk of loss of capital.

The maximum risk resulting from investments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments. The Manager seeks to manage market risks by careful selection of securities prior to making an investment in an early-stage company and by regular ongoing monitoring of the investment performance of the individual investee companies. The Manager also sets thresholds on individual investments to mitigate the risk of exposure to any one investment. The Partnership's overall market positions are monitored on a monthly basis by the Partnership's Manager.

The Partnership's overall exposure is managed by investment restrictions which include a requirement for investments to be invested in resource issuers that are listed on a stock exchange.

As at June 30, 2026, the Partnership's market risk is impacted directly by changes in equity prices and indirectly by changes in minerals and other commodity prices. The immediate impact on equities of a 10% increase or decrease in the fair value of investments would be approximately $260,741.

Interest rate risk

The monetary financial assets and liabilities of the Partnership are non-interest bearing. Consequently, the Partnership has no significant direct exposure to interest rate risk.

Currency risk

The monetary financial assets and liabilities of the Partnership are all denominated in Canadian dollars. Consequently, the Partnership has no significant direct exposure to currency risk.

(b) Credit risk:

The Partnership has exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due.

Credit risk associated with cash is minimized by ensuring that these balances are held by high-quality financial institutions.

The Partnership is exposed to counterparty risk from the potential failure of the issuer of the warrants to settle its exercised warrants. The maximum risk of loss from counterparty risk to the Partnership is the fair value of the contracts. The Partnership considers the effects of counterparty risk when determining the fair value of its investments in warrants.

When the Partnership trades in listed or unlisted securities which are settled upon delivery, the risk of default is considered minimal since delivery of securities is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received by the broker. The Partnership only transacts with reputable brokers with a high credit rating.

7. Financial instruments risk management (continued):

(b) Credit risk (continued):

The Manager monitors the Partnership’s credit position regularly, and the board of directors of the General Partner reviews it on a periodic basis.

(c) Concentration risk:

Concentration risk arises as a result of the concentration of exposures within the same category, whether it is geographical location, product type, industry sector or counterparty type. The Partnership’s investments are entirely in Canadian companies involved in the mining sector, and as a result, the Partnership is exposed to a concentration of risk related to these holdings.

(d) Liquidity risk:

The Partnership is a closed-end partnership and therefore it does not have exposure to early redemptions of Partnership units. There is no market for units of the Partnership and it is unlikely that any public market will develop through which units may be sold. The Partnership's Level 1 investments are subject to four-month resale restrictions from the date of purchase. The Partnership holds sufficient cash to cover operating expenses and issue costs due in this period. The General Partner intends to implement a liquidity alternative. It is anticipated that this will be the sale of the Partnership’s assets for cash whereupon the proceeds shall be distributed to Limited Partners, pro rata, up to and upon the dissolution of the Partnership.

At June 30, 2026, all of the Partnership’s financial liabilities were due within 30 days of the statement of financial position date, with the exception of net assets attributable to partners which mature at the end of the life of the Partnership or at the liquidation date.

The Partnership manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient liquid cash resources and investing the Partnership’s assets in investments which are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed of when liabilities become due.

8. Capital risk management:

Units issued and outstanding are considered to be capital of the Partnership. The Partnership does not have any internally or externally imposed restrictions on its capital.

9. Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to partners:

The increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to Limited Partners per Partnership Unit for the period ended June 30, 2026 and June 30, 2025.

June 30, 2026	Decrease in net assets attributable to to partners from operations	Weighted average of units outstanding during the period	Decrease in net assets attributable to partners from operations per unit
Class A – National Class	$ (253,348)	230,620	$ (1.10)
Class A – British Columbia	(313,345)	472,800	(0.66)
Class A – Quebec	(74,319)	78,150	(0.95)
Class F – National Class	(140,895)	123,300	(1.14)
Class F – British Columbia	(5,638)	8,300	(0.68)
Class F – Quebec	(30,207)	30,550	(0.99)

June 30, 2025	Increase in net assets attributable to to partners from operations	Weighted average of units outstanding during the period	Increase in net assets attributable to partners from operations per unit
Class A – National Class	$ 36,602	150,820	$ 0.24
Class A – British Columbia	78,466	80,300	0.98
Class A – Quebec	70,266	78,150	0.90
Class F – National Class	60,696	113,300	0.54
Class F – British Columbia	11,528	8,300	1.39
Class F – Quebec	37,846	30,550	1.24

10. Comparison of IFRS Accounting Standards Net Assets per Unit and Transactional Net Assets per Unit:

The table below provides a reconciliation of Net Assets per Unit under IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS net assets") and Transactional Net Assets per Unit. IFRS Net assets include Black-Scholes adjustments to the value of warrants held, whereas Transactional Net Assets do not require such adjustments.

June 30, 2026	Transactional Net Assets per Unit	Adjustment per Unit	IFRS Net Assets per Unit
Class A – National Class	$ 8.14	$ 0.75	$ 8.89
Class A – British Columbia	7.11	1.15	8.26
Class A – Quebec	7.21	1.27	8.48
Class F – National Class	8.54	0.79	9.33
Class F – British Columbia	7.36	1.19	8.55
Class F – Quebec	7.66	1.22	8.88
Class P	219,343.41	400,301.59	619,645.00
General Partner	181.19	135.81	317.00

December 31, 2025	Transactional Net Assets per Unit	Adjustment per Unit	IFRS Net Assets per Unit
Class A – National Class	$ 10.64	$ 2.02	$ 12.66
Class A – British Columbia	10.17	1.56	11.73
Class A – Quebec	8.71	2.88	11.59
Class F – National Class	11.02	2.11	13.13
Class F – British Columbia	10.42	1.61	12.03
Class F – Quebec	9.15	2.87	12.02
Class P	153,896.00	711,050.00	864,946.00
General Partner	150.00	249.00	399.00